

Name: Solutions**Directions:** Show all work. No credit for answers without work.

1. [2 points] State the Chinese Remainder Theorem (CRT).

Let $m_1, m_2, \dots, m_k$ be pairwise relatively prime

The system of congruences

$$x \equiv a_1 \pmod{m_1}$$

$$x \equiv a_2 \pmod{m_2}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$x \equiv a_k \pmod{m_k}$$

has a solution, and this solution is unique modulo

M , where $M = m_1 m_2 \dots m_k$.

2. [3 points] Give the correspondence between
- $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$
- and the set
- $\{(a_1, a_2) : a_1 \in \mathbb{Z}_4 \text{ and } a_2 \in \mathbb{Z}_3\}$
- implied by the CRT.

$\mathbb{Z}_{12}$	Pairs
0	$\leftrightarrow (0, 0)$
1	$\leftrightarrow (1, 1)$
2	$\leftrightarrow (2, 2)$
3	$\leftrightarrow (3, 0)$
4	$\leftrightarrow (0, 1)$
5	$\leftrightarrow (1, 2)$
6	$\leftrightarrow (2, 0)$

$\mathbb{Z}_{12}$	Pairs
7	$\leftrightarrow (3, 1)$
8	$\leftrightarrow (0, 2)$
9	$\leftrightarrow (1, 0)$
10	$\leftrightarrow (2, 1)$
11	$\leftrightarrow (3, 2)$

3. [5 points] Find a solution to the following system of congruences, if one exists.

$$12x \equiv 50 \pmod{77}$$

$$x \equiv 4 \pmod{9}$$

$$x \equiv 21 \pmod{40}$$

$$77 = 7 \cdot 11$$

$$9 = 3^2$$

$$40 = 2^3 \cdot 5$$

} pairwise relatively prime

$$M = 77 \cdot 9 \cdot 40 = 27720$$

In $\mathbb{F}_{77}$: find $(12)^{-1}$.

$$77 = 6 \cdot 12 + 5$$

$$12 = 2 \cdot 5 + 2$$

$$5 = 2 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$1 = 5 - 2 \cdot 2 = 5 - 2 \cdot (12 - 2 \cdot 5) = 5 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 12$$

$$= 5(77 - 6 \cdot 12) - 2 \cdot 12 = 5 \cdot 77 - 32 \cdot 12$$

So $(12)^{-1} \equiv -32 \equiv 45$ and $12x \equiv 50$ is equiv to $x \equiv (50)(45) \equiv 17 \pmod{77}$

i	m_i	z_i	y_i	a_i
1	77	360	$(52)^{-1} = -37$	17
2	9	3080	$(2)^{-1} = 5$	4
3	40	693	$(13)^{-1} = -3$	21

$(52)^{-1}$:

$$77 = 1 \cdot 52 + 25$$

$$52 = 2 \cdot 25 + 2$$

$$25 = 12 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$1 = 25 - 12 \cdot 2 = 25 - 12 \cdot (52 - 2 \cdot 25) = 25 \cdot 25 - 12 \cdot 52$$

$$= 25(77 - 1 \cdot 52) - 12 \cdot 52 = 25 \cdot 77 - 37 \cdot 52$$

$$\text{So } (52)^{-1} \equiv -37 \pmod{77}$$

$(13)^{-1}$: $40 = 3 \cdot 13 + 1$, $1 = 40 - 3 \cdot 13$, so $(13)^{-1} \equiv -3 \pmod{40}$.

By CRT: $x = a_1 z_1 y_1 + a_2 z_2 y_2 + a_3 z_3 y_3$

$$= 17 \cdot 360 \cdot (-37) + 4 \cdot 3080 \cdot 5 + 21 \cdot 693 \cdot (-3)$$

$$= -226440 + 61600 - 43659 = -208499 \equiv 13261 \pmod{M}$$

no longer
needed
after
change
in
problem.