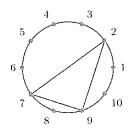
Salohans

Directions: Show all work. No credit for answers without work.

1. [1 point] Suppose that a set of 10 points are equally spaced around a circle. How many triangles can be formed whose vertices are among the equally spaced points? One such triangle is shown below. Express your answer as a simplified, concrete number.



$$\binom{10}{3} = \frac{10.9.8 \cdot 7!}{3! \cdot 7!} = \frac{10.9.8}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \frac{10.3.4}{10.3.4} = \boxed{120}$$

- 2. Recall that a standard deck of cards has 4 suits (clubs, hearts, diamonds, spades) and 13 ranks (ace, 2 through 10, jack, queen, king), and there are 52 cards in total, one for each suit/rank pair. A poker hand is a set of five cards.
  - (a) [2 points] How many poker hands have exactly two clubs?

Stage 1. Choose ranks for two clubs  $N_1 = {13 \choose 2}$ 

Stage 2: Choose 3 non-clubs  $n_2 = {39 \choose 3}$ 

Total 
$$\# = \left( \frac{13}{2} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{39}{3} \right) = 78.9139 = 712,842$$

(b) [2 points] How many poker hands have an even number of clubs? You may leave your answer as a summation.

Hands with O clubs: (13).(39)

Hands with 2 clubs: (13). (39)

Hands with 4 clubs: (13). (39)

 $\binom{13}{0} \cdot \binom{39}{5} + \binom{13}{2} \cdot \binom{39}{3} + \binom{13}{4} \cdot \binom{39}{1} = 1,316,484$ 

3. How many ways are there to arrange the letters in the word 'ATTRACTYON':

(a) [2 points] with no additional restrictions?

N-I

$$\frac{(10)!}{(2)!.(3)!.(1)!.(1)!.(1)!.(1)!} = \frac{10!}{2!.3!} = \frac{302,400}{302,400}$$

(b) [2 points] with no consecutive T's? (So AATRCITONT counts but ATTRACTION and ATTTRACION do not.)

Stage 1: Arrange AARCION no restrictions

Stage 2: Insert T's into AARCION, N2= (8) 8 district spaces

 $S_{\delta}$  total =  $\frac{7!}{5!} \cdot {8 \choose 3} = \frac{7!}{5!} \cdot {8 \choose 3}$ 

(c) [1 point] with no consecutive repeated letters? (So TATATCIONR counts but TAATC-TIONR and TATTACIONR do not.)

From all ways in part (b), solvant the # of arrangements with ananconsecrative consecutive A's; to comple, we give A's together.

Stage 1: Arrange (AA) RCION

arrangements contective T's but A's together

 $h_2 = {7 \choose 3}$