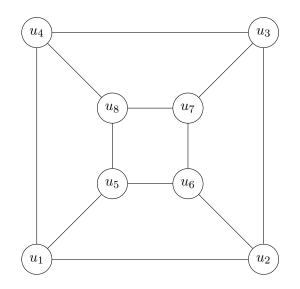
Directions: You may work to solve these problems in groups, but all written work must be your own. **Show your work**; See "Guidelines and advice" on the course webpage for more information.

- 1. Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Let A be the language $\{w \mid w \text{ is an integer in binary notation and } w \text{ is divisible by 5}\}$. For example, 1010 represents $1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 0 \cdot 2^0 = 8 + 2 = 10$, so $1010 \in A$. On the other hand, 01110 represents $0 \cdot 2^4 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 0 \cdot 2^0 = 8 + 4 + 2 = 14$ so $01110 \notin A$. Give a DFA that recognizes A.
- 2. Show that if A and B are regular languages, then AB is a regular language. Hint: given a DFA M_1 for A and a DFA M_2 for B, describe how to use M_1 and M_2 to make an NFA for AB. Why is it enough to make an NFA?
- 3. Let G be the following graph.



- (a) Find two disjoint 4-cycles in G.
- (b) Find a 6-cycle in G.
- (c) Does G contain an 8-cycle? If so, describe one. If not, explain why not.
- (d) Show how to color the vertices red and blue so that no edge has two endpoints with the same color.
- (e) Does G contain a 5-cycle? If so, describe one. If not, explain why not.