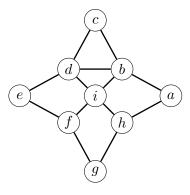
1114011010	1050 TT 2	October 20, 2012
	Name:	
<b>Directions:</b> Show all work. As points but is scored out of 50 (1)	_	lly do not earn points. This test has 60
are the set of all bitstring	gs of length $n$ where $x_1 \dots x_n$	ypercube $Q_n$ is the graph whose vertices $x_n$ and $y_1 \dots y_n$ are adjacent if and only , 0110 and 1110 are adjacent in $Q_4$ , but
(a) Draw $Q_2$ and $Q_3$ .		
(b) Give a formulas for t	the number of vertices and t	the number of edges in $Q_n$ .

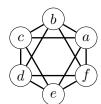
(c) For which n does  $Q_n$  have an Eulerian circuit? Explain.

2. [4 points] Find an Eulerian trail in the following graph.



3. [4 points] Give an example of a 4-regular planar graph without loops or multiple edges. (Recall that a graph is k-regular if every vertex has degree k.)

4. [4 points] Is the following graph planar or nonplanar? If it is planar, give a planar drawing. If not, find a subgraph homeomorphic to  $K_5$  or  $K_{3,3}$ .



- 5. [2 parts, 4 points each] Let G be a 10-vertex graph with 26 edges and without loops or multiple edges.
  - (a) Show that G is not a planar graph.

(b) Show that in every drawing of G in the plane, at least three edges of G are involved in edge crossings.

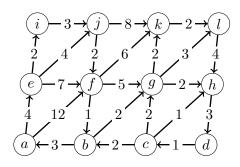
6. [4 points] Let G be a connected planar graph with 328 edges without loops and multiple edges. In a planar drawing of G, the boundary of every region contains at least 8 edges. How many vertices must G contain? Give the best lower bound you can.

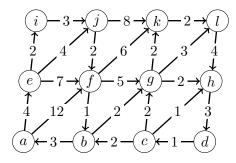
7. [4 points] A connected 50-vertex graph G with 100 edges is drawn in the plane. How many regions are there in the drawing?

8. [4 points] Find a minimum weight spanning tree in the following graph (2 copies).

9. [4 points] Let G be a connected graph without loops or multiple edges on at least 3 vertices. Suppose that G has distinct edge weights, and let e be the second lightest edge. Prove or disprove: the minimum weight spanning tree of G contains e.

10. [2 parts, 3 points each] Consider the following directed graph (2 copies).

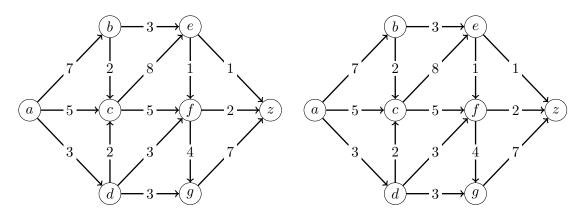




(a) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the distance between a and all other vertices.

(b) Find a shortest path from a to k.

11. [2 parts, 3 points each] Consider the following network N (2 copies).



- (a) Find a flow in N with value 10. (Indicate flow values on a copy of the network above; clearly mark which copy contains your answer.)
- (b) Find a cut  $(P, \overline{P})$  in N of capacity 10. (Indicate the cut by circling a set of vertices in the network above; clearly mark which circle represents the cut.)